







Rural Aid Limited

ABN: 29 605 783 597

Financial Report FOR THE YEAR ENDED: 30 JUNE 2022

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The directors present their report together with the financial report of Rural Aid Ltd (the 'company') for the year ended 30 June 2022 and auditor's report thereon.

Directors names

The names of the directors in office at any time during or since the end of the year are:

Alexander Hutton

Ben Pevreall

Trent Thorne

Barrie Adams

Sarah Hunter

Andrew Hall

Airlie Landale

Erica Halliday

The directors have been in office since the start of the year to the date of this report unless otherwise stated.

Results

The operating deficit of the company for the year after providing for income tax amounted to \$3,538,176 (2021: \$2,657,874).

Review of operations

The company continued to engage in its principal activity, the results of which are disclosed in the attached financial statements.

During the year ended 30 June 2022 Rural Aid dispersed over \$4,526,328 in assistance to farmers and rural communities.

Fundraising campaigns and continued support from corporate partners and individuals resulted in another successful year. Despite ongoing challenges associated with COVID-19, Rural Aid's supporters provided \$8,356,495 in donations during the year ended 30 June 2022. This indicates the commitment to providing support for Rural Aid's programs, which deliver meaningful and impactful results for farmers, their families and communities.

For FY22 the organisation made an operating deficit of \$3,538,176 (2021: \$2,657,874).

At year end \$13,757,138 (2021: \$17,295,314) of accumulated surplus was retained for future program commitments.

Impacts of COVID-19

COVID-19 continued to impact Rural Aid with challenges to supply chains and disrupted movement of staff and volunteers continuing to have an impact on the Our Towns and Community Programs.

Rural Aid continued to deliver fodder, water, financial assistance and counselling whilst responding to multiple disasters that impacted rural communities across Australia.



Staff continued to work from home where required, with the appropriate, secure cloud-based IT systems supporting this model.

The impact of COVID-19 continues to be felt greatest in revenue, with reduced ability to hold face to face events and reduced donations from corporates and individuals. Across FY22, revenue was 11% less than the prior financial year.

Significant changes in state of affairs

There were no significant changes in the company's state of affairs that occurred during the financial year, other than those referred to elsewhere in this report.

There were no other significant changes in the nature of the activities of the organisation during the year.

Short-term and long-term objectives and strategies

The organisation's short and long term objective is to ensure the sustainability of farming and rural communities before, during and after natural disasters. Rural Aid has adopted the following strategies to achieve this objective:

- Delivering two focused, scalable, cost effective programs that meet the needs of recipients;
- Ensuring our people have the skills and experience required to deliver the strategic priorities;
- Ensuring the long-term financial viability of the charity through stringent management of funds, meeting immediate needs & making provisions for future events;
- Developing and maintaining strong partnerships with appropriate stakeholders; and
- Implementing robust governance practices.

Rural Aid measures its performance through regular meetings of Directors and committees, monthly management reporting and analysis versus budget, delivery of organisational goals and reporting of program activities.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the company during the year was providing economic and empathetic assistance to farmers and rural communities impacted by natural disaster, by promoting its work to the broader community and partnering with key stakeholders to deliver meaningful outcomes.

No significant change in the nature of these activities occurred during the year.

After balance date events

No matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the financial year which significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the company, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the company in future financial years.

Due to the high level of continuing uncertainty regarding the future impacts of COVID-19 on Rural Aid, we are unable to provide a reliable assessment on the impact it may have on future operations.



Likely developments

The company expects to maintain the present status and level of operations.

Environmental regulation

The company's operations are not regulated by any significant environmental regulation under a law of the Commonwealth or of a State or Territory.

Information on directors and company secretary

Alexander Hutton Chairman

Qualifications BEcon, DipBus(PropValuation), MBA

Experience Alex is currently the Chief Executive Officer for Mackays – Australia's leading

banana growers and has over 30 years' experience in senior management roles across a range of industry sectors. His leadership positions have included Chief Executive Officer for St John Ambulance (Queensland); Senior Vice President, Comvita USA; General Manager, Comvita Australia; Chief Operating Officer, The Thompson Group; General Manager, Amcor Fibre Packaging QLD/NT; and National Sales Manager and General Manager – Northern Australia, Pivot Limited. Alex has been a non executive director of several businesses including Combined Rural Traders, Olive Products Australia and Comvita Australia. He has also served on not for profit boards as a director and chair. His core competencies include company set ups in new markets, organisational restructures, brand development and marketing, strategic planning, and the development and implementation of profit improvement plans. His qualifications include a Master of Business Administration, Bachelor of Economics and a Diploma of Business Property

Economics.

Special responsibilities Finance Investment and Audit Committee, Risk Committee

Barrie Adams Deputy Chair

Qualifications PSM, Fellow CPA

Experience Barrie is a former Commissioner of the Australian Securities and Investments

Commission (ASIC). Previous positions include Director of Corporate Development and Operations, Office of the Commissioner for Corporate Affairs, and South Pacific Audit Manager, Shell Group of Companies. Barrie has been an active member of CPA Australia and was a Director on the Board of CPA Australia for three years. Since leaving ASIC, he has held board positions for listed and unlisted public companies, and not-for-profit organisations operating in Australia and overseas. He continues to hold current board positions. Barrie is the chairman of four compliance committees and has delivered presentations on corporate governance and ethics and risk management, directors' duties, and corporate

social I responsibility.

Special responsibilities Chair Finance Investment and Audit Committee, Fundraising Committee



Information on directors and company secretary (Continued)

Ben PevreallDirectorQualificationsBEng

Experience Ben is the Regional Vice President Asia Pacific for Valmont Industries, Inc., a

corporation publicly traded on the New York Stock Exchange that produces infrastructure products to support and enrich growing economies around the world. Valmont leads the world in water management for irrigation that helps agricultural producers produce more from their land. Previously, Ben was Sales and Marketing Manager AUS/NZ/PNG/Pacific Islands for Husqvarna Group. He is a sales and marketing specialist with proven results in growing a business and building structure and supporting processes. Ben is renowned as a dynamic, entrepreneurial leader with a high level of commercial acumen, technical expertise and the uncanny ability to develop successful marketing and branding strategies which consistently deliver transformational changes in business.

Special responsibilities Finance Investment and Audit Committee, Remuneration Nomination and

Performance Committee

Trent Thorne Director

Qualifications BCom, LL.B. (Hons IIA), GradDipLegalPrac

Experience Trent is a Partner at Hamilton Locke Lawyers and co-lead of its Food and

Agribusiness group. He is recognised as a committed and passionate legal specialist for the agricultural sector. Trent has over 18 years' experience acting for food and agribusiness clients in a wide range of commercial matters, including complex commercial disputes, corporate & regulatory matters, negotiations, alternative dispute resolution and major pastoral property transactions. His skills in alternative dispute resolution, and as an advocate, are widely acknowledged. He has conducted international arbitrations, lengthy trials in Queensland and acted for major agribusiness entities, large property developers, multinational resource companies, major Government Owned Corporations and large corporate entities. Trent's experience also includes seeking urgent interlocutory injunctions, defending and prosecuting class actions and resolving licensing and regulatory disputes. He is a non-executive director on the board of the AAM Investment Group and his qualifications include a Bachelor of Laws (Hons) and Commerce

(UQ).

Special responsibilities Chair Risk Committee, Remuneration Nomination and Performance Committee

Sarah Hunter Director

Qualifications BScAgr, CPAg, GAICD, FIML

Experience Sarah is a Director of the Veterinary Practitioners Board of NSW, Chair of Ag

Institute Australia and committed to promoting the advancement of Australian agriculture and natural resource management. She delivers the Australian Government's Entrepreneurs' Programme as a Strengthening Business Facilitator. Formerly Commercial Director and Director of Commercial Excellence (SANZA Region) at Virbac, she was twice recognized during that time as a New South Wales Finalist for the Telstra Australian Business Women's (Corporate and Private) Awards. She has over 15 years' experience in animal health and agribusiness, with core competencies including organisational transformation, leadership through

change, and the execution of commercial strategy.

Special responsibilities Chair Remuneration Nomination and Performance Committee, Fundraising

Committee



Information on directors and company secretary (Continued)

Andrew Hall Director

Qualifications BA (Journ&IntlRel), GAICD

Experience Andrew is the Executive Director and CEO at the Insurance Council of Australia.

His previous roles have included Executive General Manager, Corporate Affairs for Commonwealth Bank of Australia; Director Corporate and Public Affairs, Woolworths; Federal Director, National Party of Australia; and Media Adviser to the Hon Warren Truss (former Deputy Prime Minister of Australia). Andrew's expertise has been recognised with admission to the Arthur W. Page Society and inclusion in the International Top 50 Corporate Affairs Professionals list. He has also been acknowledged as one of the Top 50 Outstanding LGBTI Leaders in Australia for his work in leadership roles, diversity and equality campaigns. Andrew has extensive experience in governance, both in the corporate and not for profit sectors and currently serves on the boards of The Avner Pancreatic Cancer Foundation and Equality Australia. He began his professional career as a journalist at the Grafton Daily Examiner where his passion for understanding and

pursuing the needs of rural and regional Australia was ignited.

Special responsibilities Chair Fundraising Committee, Risk Committee

Erica Halliday Director

Qualifications BAgEc, Beef Production and Marketing Scholarship

Experience Erica has worked in rural communities as a jillaroo, stud master, business

facilitator, life coach, board member, businesswoman and most importantly (in her words) as a mother, wife, daughter and sister. As a fourth-generation cattle farmer, Erica understands the complexities and challenges of farming. After studying Agricultural Economics at the University of Sydney and Beef Production and Marketing on scholarship at The University of Illinois, Erica worked with Resource Consultancy Services to facilitate farm families to balance economics and finance with the land, animals and people. She has run Ben Nevis Angus in partnership with her husband since 2006 and manages genetics and marketing for the enterprise. Erica has held board positions with New England Girls School, and the Australian Beef Industry Foundation and was Chairman of Angus Australia's NSW State Committee. Her current appointments include Elected Vice-Chairman Angus Australia, Elected Member BREEDPLAN Advisory Committee – Meat and Livestock Australia and she is an appointed member to Namoi Unlimited Industry Steering Committee. Erica is a sought-after guest speaker and is a passionate advocate for both women in agriculture and the long-term sustainability of the

family farm.

Special responsibilities Finance Investment and Audit Committee



Information on directors and company secretary (Continued)

Airlie Landale Director

Qualifications BComm/BA(PolSc), MFRE

Experience Airlie is the founder of Farm Table, a national online knowledge sharing platform.

She is highly experienced in business development, stakeholder engagement and management, technical development, event management, user experience, design and testing, agriculture research, and content development and dissemination. She holds qualifications in food and resource economics, commerce and political science. Airlie's previous roles include Business Analyst, Macquarie Bank's Paraway Pastoral Company Ltd; Drought Coordinator, Edward River Council; Researcher and Columnist, Food Tank Chicago; and Economics and Policy Senior Consultant, PricewaterhouseCoopers Melbourne. Airlie has also worked fulltime on her family's property in Holbrook, New South Wales. She was a member of the Industry Advisory Group for the Australian Government's Farm Cooperatives and Collaboration Pilot Program, and named 2016 Tomorrow Maker

(AMP Foundation), 2015 RAS NSW Rural Young Achiever and 2015 Woolworths

Agribusiness Scholar.

Special responsibilities Fundraising Committee

Meetings of directors

Directors	Direc mee	ctors' tings	Investi Au comn	nce, ment & dit nittee tings		nmittee tings	Nomina Perfor comn	eration, ation & mance nittee tings		raising nittee
	Number eligible to attend	Number attended	Number eligible to attend	Number attended	Number eligible to attend	Number attended	Number eligible to attend	Number attended	Number eligible to attend	Number attended
Alexander Hutton	7	7	11	11	3	3			-	-
Ben Pevreall	7	7	11	11	1/10	07/5	4	4	Bu -	-
Trent Thorne	7	6	11 -	1000-	3	3	4	3	-	-
Barrie Adams	7	7	11	11	110 70	11 7			5	5
Sarah Hunter	7	7	1/-	1/1/-	1 7	1	4	4	5	5
Andrew Hall	7	7	1 /-	-	3	3	1 -		5	5
Airlie Landale	7	7	7/ -/	11 -	1 -	15-	11.	3/3	5	4
Erica Halliday	7	5	11	8	1/-	1/-	1/-	1	-	

Members guarantee

The company is incorporated under the *Corporations Act 2001* and is a company limited by guarantee. If the company is wound up, the Constitution states that each member is required to contribute to a maximum of \$10 each towards meeting any outstandings and obligations of the company. At 30 June 2022 the number of members was 8. The combined total amount that members of the company are liable to contribute if the company is wound up is \$80.



Indemnification of officers

During or since the end of the year, the company has given indemnity or entered an agreement to indemnify, or paid or agreed to pay insurance premiums in order to indemnify the directors of the company.

Further disclosure required under section 300(9) of the *Corporations Act 2001* is prohibited under the terms of the contract.

Indemnification of auditors

No indemnities have been given or insurance premiums paid, during or since the end of the year, for any person who is or has been an auditor of the company.

Auditor's independence declaration

A copy of the auditor's independence declaration in relation to the audit for the financial year is provided with this report.



Governance Process

The Board has a defined charter, handbook and documented practices to ensure effective and accountable decision making that supports Rural Aid's strategy and good corporate governance.

To assist in the execution of responsibilities, the Board has established a number of committees including Finance Investment & Audit Committee, Risk Committee, Remuneration Nomination & Performance Committee and the Fundraising Committee. The Board have written and approved charters for each committee, which are reviewed on an annual basis.

Finance, Investment & Audit Committee

The Finance, Investment & Audit Committee assists the Board to discharge its responsibility to manage the budgetary processes and strategic financial management of the organisation. In doing so the Finance, Investment & Audit Committee has responsibility for budgeting, investment management, external statutory and financial reporting, internal control framework, external audit, financial monitoring and policy development.

The Finance, Investment & Audit Committee comprised the following members during the financial year:

- Barrie Adams (Committee Chair)
- Alexander Hutton
- Ben Pevreall
- Erica Halliday

Risk Committee

The Risk Committee assists the Board to develop and maintain the risk management framework, including ensuring that identified risk are appropriately managed and mitigated. In doing so the Risk Committee has responsibility for the risk management framework, risk monitoring, emerging risk, compliance monitoring and policy development.

The Risk Committee comprised the following members during the financial year:

- Trent Thorne (Committee Chair)
- Alexander Hutton
- Andrew Hall

Remuneration, Nomination & Performance Committee

The Remuneration, Nomination & Performance Committee assists the Board by ensuring effective oversight of executive and employee performance. In doing so the Remuneration, Nomination & Performance Committee has responsibility for CEO oversight, employee performance, remuneration, talent and succession planning, human resources framework and policy development.

The Remuneration Nomination & Performance Committee comprised the following members during the financial year:

- Sarah Hunter (Committee Chair)
- Ben Pevreall
- Trent Thorne



RURAL AID LTD ABN: 29 605 783 597

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Fundraising Committee

The Fundraising Committee assists the Board by ensuring effective oversight of fundraising activities and corporate partnerships. In doing so the Fundraising Committee has responsibility for overseeing the identification and implementation of new fundraising initiatives and new corporate partnerships.

The Fundraising Committee comprised the following members during the financial year.

Andrew Hall (Committee Chair)

Signed on behalf of the board of directors.

- Sarah Hunter
- Airlie Landale
- Barrie Adams

Director:	Schotan.	
511001011	Alexander Hutton	

Dated this 2AH day of November. 2022





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The Directors Rural Aid Ltd 70 Station Road Indooroopilly QLD 4068

Auditor's Independence Declaration

In relation to the independent audit for the year ended 30 June 2022, to the best of my knowledge and belief there have been no contraventions of APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards).

PITCHER PARTNERS

JASON EVANS Partner

Brisbane, Queensland 24 November 2022

Brisbane Sydney Newcastle Melbourne Adelaide Perth

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STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

	Note	2022 \$	2021 \$
Revenue and other income			
Revenue	2	8,678,663	9,693,581
Interest income from financial instruments		995,957	579,825
Other income	3	2,717	2,131,322
		9,677,337	12,404,728
Less: expenses			
Administration expenses		(4,580,329)	(3,886,822)
Direct program dispersals		(4,526,328)	(8,927,291)
Loss on fair value of investments		(1,433,670)	_
Fundraising costs		(967,491)	(812,724)
Professional fees		(461,123)	(122,051)
Occupancy expenses		(37,148)	(47,599)
Borrowing costs	4	(13,141)	(6,683)
Other expenses		(1,196,283)	(1,259,432)
		(13,215,513)	(15,062,602)
Operating deficit for the year		(3,538,176)	(2,657,874)
Other comprehensive income for the year			_
Total comprehensive income		(3,538,176)	(2,657,874)



STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2022

	Note	2022 \$	2021 \$
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	5	5,934,960	8,414,213
Receivables	6	450,636	328,171
Inventories		3,550	97,115
Other assets	8	278,976	276,877
Total current assets	A NO.	6,668,122	9,116,376
Non-current assets			
Financial assets	7	8,141,685	9,099,955
Property, plant and equipment	9	338,701	541,507
Intangible assets	10	683	4,002
Right-of-use assets	11	1,023,977	128,647
Other assets	8	113,685	-
Total non-current assets		9,618,731	9,774,111
Total assets		16,286,853	18,890,487
Current liabilities			
Payables	12	666,276	776,814
Lease liabilities	11	181,967	130,267
Provisions Contract liabilities	13	217,840	171,911
Contract liabilities	14	588,886	501,024
Total current liabilities		1,654,969	1,580,016
Non-current liabilities			
Lease liabilities	11	838,485	6,765
Provisions	13	36,261	8,392
Total non-current liabilities		874,746	15,157
Total liabilities	1/4/1/1/1	2,529,715	1,595,173
Net assets		13,757,138	17,295,314
Equity			
Accumulated surplus		13,757,138	17,295,314
Total equity	11-1-11	13,757,138	17,295,314
	A CONTRACTOR		Note that the same of the same



STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

	Accumulated surplus \$	Total equity \$
Balance as at 1 July 2020	19,953,188	19,953,188
Operating deficit for the year	(2,657,874)	(2,657,874)
Total comprehensive income for the year	(2,657,874)	(2,657,874)
Balance as at 30 June 2021	17,295,314	17,295,314
Balance as at 1 July 2021	17,295,314	17,295,314
Operating deficit for the year	(3,538,176)	(3,538,176)
Total comprehensive income for the year	(3,538,176)	(3,538,176)
Balance as at 30 June 2022	13,757,138	13,757,138



STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

2022

Note

2021

	Ś	\$
	Þ	ş
Cash flow from operating activities		
Receipts from donations, bequests and raffles	8,784,563	10,617,262
Payments to suppliers and employees	(11,813,016)	(14,260,666)
Interest received	995,957	579,825
Finance costs	(13,141)	(6,683)
Government subsidies and grants	290,123	1,000,564
Net cash used in operating activities	(1,755,514)	(2,069,698)
Cash flow from investing activities		
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	121,419	52,272
Payment for property, plant and equipment	(72,827)	(43,113)
Payment for investment in other corporations	(2,760,000)	377
Net proceeds / (payment) for other financial assets	2,284,600	(3,886,996)
Payment for rental deposits	(113,685)	_
Net cash used in investing activities	(540,493)	(3,877,837)
Cash flow from financing activities		
Principal portion of lease payments	(183,246)	(92,841)
Net cash used in financing activities	(183,246)	(92,841)
Reconciliation of cash		
Cash at beginning of the financial year	8,414,213	14,454,589
Net increase / (decrease) in cash held	(2,479,253)	(6,040,376)
Cash at end of financial year	5,934,960	8,414,213



NOTE 1: STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial report is a general purpose financial report that has been prepared in accordance with the *Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012* and Australian Accounting Standards - Simplified Disclosures, Interpretations and other applicable authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board. This includes compliance with the recognition and measurement requirements of all Australian Accounting Standards, Interpretations and other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board and the disclosure requirements of AASB 1060 *General Purpose Financial Statements - Simplified Disclosures for For-Profit and Not-for-Profit Tier 2 Entities*.

This financial report is the first financial report of the company prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards - Simplified Disclosures. The prior year financial report was prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards – Reduced Disclosure Requirements. The transition from the previous financial reporting framework to Australian Accounting Standards - Simplified Disclosures has not affected the company's reported financial position, financial performance and cash flows.

The financial report covers Rural Aid Ltd as an individual entity. Rural Aid Ltd is a company limited by guarantee, incorporated and domiciled in Australia. Rural Aid Ltd is a not-for-profit entity for the purpose of preparing the financial statements.

The financial report was approved by the directors as at the date of the directors' report.

The following are the significant accounting policies adopted by the company in the preparation and presentation of the financial report. The accounting policies have been consistently applied, unless otherwise stated.

(a) Basis of preparation of the financial report

Historical Cost Convention

The financial report has been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by revaluations to fair value for certain classes of assets and liabilities as described in the accounting policies.

(b) Revenue recognition

The company derives revenue from sale of goods, donations, sponsorship and government subsidies and grants.

Revenue is recognised as, or when, goods or services are transferred to the customer, and is measured at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the company expects to be entitled in exchange for the goods or services.

Revenue from the sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods comprises revenue derived from the sale of goods purchased for resale and goods donated for resale. Revenue is recognised at the point in time when control of the goods is transferred to the customer, which generally occurs at the time the goods are purchased by customers from the Company.

Revenue from donations

Donations are recognised at the time the pledge is made.



NOTE 1: STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Revenue from sponsorship and government subsidies and grants

Sponsorship and government subsidies and grants is recognised in the profit or loss when the company satisfies the performance obligations stated within the funding agreements. If conditions are attached which must be satisfied before the company is eligible to retain the contribution, the sponsorship or government subsidy and grant will be recognised in the statement of financial position as a liability until those conditions are satisfied.

Where no funding agreements are in place or no conditions are attached, the contribution, sponsorship or government subsidy and grant will be recognised in the statement of profit or loss upon receipt of the funding.

Interest revenue

Interest revenue is recognised as interest accrues using the effective interest method. This is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset and allocating the interest income over the relevant period using the effective interest rate, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to the net carrying amount of the financial asset.

(c) Income tax

No provision for income tax has been raised as the company is exempt from income tax under Division 50 of the *Income Tax Assessment Act 1997*.

(d) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand and at banks, short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less held at call with financial institutions, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities in the statement of financial position.

(e) Financial instruments

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. For financial assets, this is equivalent to the date that the company commits itself to either the purchase or sale of the asset (i.e. trade date accounting is adopted).

Financial instruments are initially measured at fair value adjusted for transaction costs, except where the instrument is classified as fair value through profit or loss, in which case transaction costs are immediately recognised as expenses in profit or loss.

Classification of financial assets

Financial assets recognised by the company are subsequently measured in their entirety at either amortised cost or fair value, subject to their classification and whether the company irrevocably designates the financial asset on initial recognition at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVtOCI) in accordance with the relevant criteria in AASB 9.



NOTE 1: STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(e) Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets not irrevocably designated on initial recognition at FVtOCI are classified as subsequently measured at amortised cost, FVtOCI or fair value through profit or loss (FVtPL) on the basis of both:

- (a) the company's business model for managing the financial assets; and
- (b) the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities classified as held-for-trading, contingent consideration payable by the company for the acquisition of a business, and financial liabilities designated at FVtPL, are subsequently measured at fair value.

All other financial liabilities recognised by the company are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables arise from the company's transactions with its customers and are normally settled within 30 days.

Consistent with both the company's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the assets, trade and other receivables are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Impairment of financial assets

The following financial assets are tested for impairment by applying the 'expected credit loss' impairment model:

- (a) debt instruments measured at amortised cost;
- (b) debt instruments classified at fair value through other comprehensive income; and
- (c) receivables from contracts with customers, contract assets and lease receivables.

The company applies the simplified approach under AASB 9 to measuring the allowance for credit losses for receivables from contracts with customers, contract assets and lease receivables. Under the AASB 9 simplified approach, the company determines the allowance for credit losses for receivables from contracts with customers, contract assets and lease receivables on the basis of the lifetime expected credit losses of the financial asset. Lifetime expected credit losses represent the expected credit losses that are expected to result from default events over the expected life of the financial asset.

For all other financial assets subject to impairment testing, when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since the initial recognition of the financial asset, the allowance for credit losses is recognised on the basis of the lifetime expected credit losses. When there has not been an increase in credit risk since initial recognition, the allowance for credit losses is recognised on the basis of 12-month expected credit losses. '12-month expected credit losses' is the portion of lifetime expected credit losses that represent the expected credit losses that result from default events on a financial instrument that are possible within the 12 months after the reporting date.

The company consider a range of information when assessing whether the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition. This includes such factors as the identification of significant changes in external market indicators of credit risk, significant adverse changes in the financial performance or financial position of the counterparty, significant changes in the value of collateral, and past due information.

The company assumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has not increased significantly since initial recognition when the financial asset is determined to have a low credit risk at the reporting date. The company considers a financial asset to have a low credit risk when the counterparty has an external 'investment grade' credit rating (if available) of BBB or higher, or otherwise is assessed by the company to have a strong financial position and no history of past due amounts from previous transactions with the company.



NOTE 1: STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(e) Financial instruments (Continued)

The company assumes that the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due.

The company determines expected credit losses using a provision matrix based on the company's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the financial asset as well as current and future expected economic conditions relevant to the financial asset. When material, the time value of money is incorporated into the measurement of expected credit losses. There has been no change in the estimation techniques or significant assumptions made during the reporting period.

The company has identified contractual payments more than 90 days past due as default events for the purpose of measuring expected credit losses. These default events have been selected based on the company's historical experience. Because contract assets are directly related to unbilled work in progress, contract assets have a similar credit risk profile to receivables from contracts with customers. Accordingly, the company applies the same approach to measuring expected credit losses of receivables from contracts with customers as it does to measuring impairment losses on contract assets.

The measurement of expected credit losses reflects the company's 'expected rate of loss', which is a product of the probability of default and the loss given default, and its 'exposure at default', which is typically the carrying amount of the relevant asset. Expected credit losses are measured as the difference between all contractual cash flows due and all contractual cash flows expected based on the company's exposure at default, discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate.

Financial assets are regarded as 'credit-impaired' when one or more events have occurred that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset. Indicators that a financial asset is 'credit-impaired' include observable data about the following:

- (a) significant financial difficulty of the issuer or the borrower;
- (b) breach of contract;
- (c) the lender, for economic or contractual reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulty, has granted concessions to the borrower that the lender would not otherwise consider; or
- (d) it is becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation.

The gross carrying amount of a financial asset is written off (i.e., reduced directly) when the counterparty is in severe financial difficulty and the company has no realistic expectation of recovery of the financial asset. Financial assets written off remain subject to enforcement action by the company. Recoveries, if any, are recognised in profit or loss.



NOTE 1: STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(f) Property, plant and equipment

Each class of plant and equipment is measured at cost or fair value less, where applicable, any accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Plant and equipment

Plant and equipment is measured at cost. Where plant and equipment was acquired at no cost or for a nominal amount, cost is deemed to be the fair value as at the acquisition date.

Depreciation

The depreciable amount of all other property, plant and equipment is depreciated over their estimated useful lives commencing from the time the asset is held available for use, consistent with the estimated consumption of the economic benefits embodied in the asset.

Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the shorter of either the unexpired period of the lease or the estimated useful lives of the improvements.

Class of fixed asset	Depreciation rates	Depreciation basis
Leasehold improvements at cost	Lease term	Straight line
Plant and equipment at cost	5% to 20%	Straight line
Motor vehicles at cost	12.5% to 20%	Straight line
Office equipment at cost	7% to 50%	Straight line
Furniture, fixtures and fittings at cost	5% to 50%	Straight line

(g) Employee benefits

(i) Short-term employee benefit obligations

Liabilities arising in respect of wages and salaries, annual leave and other employee benefits (other than termination benefits) expected to be settled wholly before twelve months after the end of the reporting period are measured at the (undiscounted) amounts based on remuneration rates which are expected to be paid when the liability is settled. The expected cost of short-term employee benefits in the form of compensated absences such as annual leave is recognised in the provision for employee benefits. All other short-term employee benefit obligations are presented as payables in the statement of financial position.

(ii) Long-term employee benefit obligations

The provision for other long-term employee benefits, including obligations for long service leave and annual leave, which are not expected to be settled wholly before twelve months after the end of the reporting period, are measured at the present value of the estimated future cash outflow to be made in respect of the services provided by employees up to the reporting date. Expected future payments incorporate anticipated future wage and salary levels, durations of service and employee turnover, and are discounted at rates determined by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds that are denominated in the currency in which the benefits will be paid. Any remeasurements for changes in assumptions of obligations for other long-term employee benefits are recognised in profit or loss in the periods in which the change occurs.



NOTE 1: STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(g) Employee benefits (Continued)

Other long-term employee benefit obligations are presented as current liabilities in the statement of financial position if the company does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, regardless of when the actual settlement is expected to occur. All other long-term employee benefit obligations are presented as non-current liabilities in the statement of financial position.

(iii) Retirement benefit obligations

Defined contribution superannuation plan

The company makes superannuation contributions to the employee's defined contribution superannuation plan of choice in respect of employee services rendered during the year. These superannuation contributions are recognised as an expense in the same period when the related employee services are received. The company's obligation with respect to employee's defined contributions entitlements is limited to its obligation for any unpaid superannuation guarantee contributions at the end of the reporting period. All obligations for unpaid superannuation guarantee contributions are measured at the (undiscounted) amounts expected to be paid when the obligation is settled and are presented as current liabilities in the statement of financial position.

(h) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the company has a legal or constructive obligation, as a result of past events, for which it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will result and that outflow can be reliably measured.

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period.

(i) Leases

At the commencement date of a lease (other than leases of 12-months or less and leases of low value assets), the company recognises a lease asset representing its right to use the underlying asset and a lease liability representing its obligation to make lease payments.

Lease assets

Lease assets are initially recognised at cost, comprising the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability, any lease payments made at or before the commencement date of the lease, less any lease incentives received, any initial direct costs incurred by the company, and an estimate of costs to be incurred by the company in dismantling and removing the underlying asset, restoring the site on which it is located or restoring the underlying asset to the condition required by the terms and conditions of the lease, unless those costs are incurred to produce inventories.

Subsequent to initial recognition, lease assets are measured at cost (adjusted for any remeasurement of the associated lease liability), less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment loss.

Lease assets are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and the estimated useful life of the underlying asset, consistent with the estimated consumption of the economic benefits embodied in the underlying asset.



NOTE 1: STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(i) Leases (Continued)

Lease liabilities

Lease liabilities are initially recognised at the present value of the future lease payments (i.e., the lease payments that are unpaid at the commencement date of the lease). These lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, if that rate can be readily determined, or otherwise using the company's incremental borrowing

Subsequent to initial recognition, lease liabilities are measured at the present value of the remaining lease payments (i.e., the lease payments that are unpaid at the reporting date). Interest expense on lease liabilities is recognised in profit or loss (presented as a component of finance costs). Lease liabilities are remeasured to reflect changes to lease terms, changes to lease payments and any lease modifications not accounted for as separate leases.

Variable lease payments not included in the measurement of lease liabilities are recognised as an expense when incurred.

Leases of 12-months or less and leases of low value assets

Lease payments made in relation to leases of 12-months or less and leases of low value assets (for which a lease asset and a lease liability has not been recognised) are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Covid-19 related rent concessions

As permitted by Australian Accounting Standards, the company has elected not to assess whether covid-19 related rent concessions are 'lease modifications', and to instead account for any changes in lease payments resulting from such rent concessions as if the changes were not 'lease modifications'.

The practical expedient only applies to rent concessions occurring as a direct consequence of the Covid-19 pandemic and only if all the following conditions are met:

- (a) the change in lease payments results in revised consideration for the lease that is substantially the same as, or less than, the consideration for the lease immediately preceding the change;
- (b) any reduction in lease payments affects only payments due on or before 30 June 2022; and
- (c) there is no substantive change to other terms and conditions of the lease.

(j) Goods and services tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and purchased assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Tax Office. In these circumstances the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of an item of the expense. Receivables and payables in the statement of financial position are shown inclusive of GST.

Cash flows are presented in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis, except for the GST component of investing and financing activities, which are disclosed as operating cash flows.

(k) Comparatives

Where necessary, comparative information has been reclassified and repositioned for consistency with current year disclosures.



	2022	2021
	\$	\$
NOTE 2: REVENUE FROM CONTRACTS WITH CUSTOMERS		
Sponsorship	32,045	
Donations	8,356,495	9,532,467
Government Subsidies and Grants	290,123	161,114
	8,678,663	9,693,581
Disaggregation of donation revenue received		
- Corporate donations	3,734,054	3,522,639
- Donations and gifts	4,438,443	5,933,974
- In-kind revenue	183,998	75,854
	8,356,495	9,532,467
NOTE 3: OTHER INCOME		The state of the s
Gain on fair value of investments		1,281,485
Profit on sale of property, plant and equipment	2,717	2,562
Waived rent - COVID-19 relief		7,825
JobKeeper		801,950
Cash Flow Boost		37,500
	2,717	2,131,322
NOTE 4: OPERATING PROFIT		
Profit before income tax has been determined after:	-	
Front before income tax has been determined after.		
Net gain on disposal of non-current assets:		
- Profit on sale of property, plant and equipment	2,717	2,562
Expenses by nature		
Finance costs	13,141	6,683
Depreciation and amortisation	331,586	296,241
Inventory write off	4,482	203,904
Employee benefits	4,835,512	3,520,112
(Gain)/loss on fair value of financial assets	1,433,670	(1,281,485)
NOTE 5: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
Cash at bank	2,430,737	3,681,275
Cash on deposit	3,504,223	4,732,938
	5,934,960	8,414,213



	2022 \$	2021 \$
		*
NOTE 6: RECEIVABLES		
CURRENT		
Trade receivables	37,768	131,029
GST Input Credits	140,253	61,760
Other receivables	272,615	135,382
A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	<u>450,636</u>	328,171
NOTE 7: FINANCIAL ASSETS		
NOTE /: TINANGIAE ASSETS	Plan	
NON CURRENT		
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		
Investment portfolio	5,381,685	9,099,955
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income		
Shares in other corporations	2,760,000	
·		
All financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are held for trading. Net change in fair value of financial assets recognised in other comprehensive. The net change in fair value recognised in other comprehensive income for the comprehe		9,099,955
Net change in fair value of financial assets recognised in other comprehensive. The net change in fair value recognised in other comprehensive income for the assets designated at fair value through other comprehensive income was \$NI	e income ne financial year in relation t	
Net change in fair value of financial assets recognised in other comprehensive. The net change in fair value recognised in other comprehensive income for the co	e income ne financial year in relation t	
Net change in fair value of financial assets recognised in other comprehensive. The net change in fair value recognised in other comprehensive income for the assets designated at fair value through other comprehensive income was \$NII NOTE 8: OTHER ASSETS CURRENT	e income ne financial year in relation t IL (2021: \$NIL).	o financial
Net change in fair value of financial assets recognised in other comprehensive. The net change in fair value recognised in other comprehensive income for the assets designated at fair value through other comprehensive income was \$NI NOTE 8: OTHER ASSETS CURRENT Prepayments	e income ne financial year in relation t IL (2021: \$NIL). 210,113	o financial 208,014
Net change in fair value of financial assets recognised in other comprehensive. The net change in fair value recognised in other comprehensive income for the assets designated at fair value through other comprehensive income was \$NII NOTE 8: OTHER ASSETS CURRENT	e income ne financial year in relation t IL (2021: \$NIL). 210,113 68,863	o financial 208,014 68,863
Net change in fair value of financial assets recognised in other comprehensive. The net change in fair value recognised in other comprehensive income for the assets designated at fair value through other comprehensive income was \$NI NOTE 8: OTHER ASSETS CURRENT Prepayments	e income ne financial year in relation t IL (2021: \$NIL). 210,113	o financial 208,014 68,863
Net change in fair value of financial assets recognised in other comprehensive. The net change in fair value recognised in other comprehensive income for the assets designated at fair value through other comprehensive income was \$NI NOTE 8: OTHER ASSETS CURRENT Prepayments	e income ne financial year in relation t IL (2021: \$NIL). 210,113 68,863	o financial 208,014 68,863
Net change in fair value of financial assets recognised in other comprehensive. The net change in fair value recognised in other comprehensive income for the assets designated at fair value through other comprehensive income was \$NII NOTE 8: OTHER ASSETS CURRENT Prepayments Other current assets	e income ne financial year in relation t IL (2021: \$NIL). 210,113 68,863	o financial 208,014 68,863
Net change in fair value of financial assets recognised in other comprehensive. The net change in fair value recognised in other comprehensive income for the assets designated at fair value through other comprehensive income was \$NII NOTE 8: OTHER ASSETS CURRENT Prepayments Other current assets	e income ne financial year in relation to the financial year. 210,113 68,863 278,976	o financial 208,014 68,863
Net change in fair value of financial assets recognised in other comprehensive. The net change in fair value recognised in other comprehensive income for the assets designated at fair value through other comprehensive income was \$NII NOTE 8: OTHER ASSETS CURRENT Prepayments Other current assets	e income ne financial year in relation to the financial year in relation t	o financial 208,014 68,863
Net change in fair value of financial assets recognised in other comprehensive. The net change in fair value recognised in other comprehensive income for the assets designated at fair value through other comprehensive income was \$NII NOTE 8: OTHER ASSETS CURRENT Prepayments Other current assets NON CURRENT Other non-current assets	e income ne financial year in relation to the financial year in relation t	o financial 208,014 68,863
Net change in fair value of financial assets recognised in other comprehensive. The net change in fair value recognised in other comprehensive income for the assets designated at fair value through other comprehensive income was \$NII NOTE 8: OTHER ASSETS CURRENT Prepayments Other current assets NON CURRENT Other non-current assets	e income ne financial year in relation to the financial year in relation t	o financial 208,014 68,863
Net change in fair value of financial assets recognised in other comprehensive. The net change in fair value recognised in other comprehensive income for the assets designated at fair value through other comprehensive income was \$NI NOTE 8: OTHER ASSETS CURRENT Prepayments Other current assets NON CURRENT Other non-current assets	e income ne financial year in relation to the financial year in relation t	208,014 68,863 276,877
Net change in fair value of financial assets recognised in other comprehensive The net change in fair value recognised in other comprehensive income for the assets designated at fair value through other comprehensive income was \$NII NOTE 8: OTHER ASSETS CURRENT Prepayments Other current assets NON CURRENT Other non-current assets NOTE 9: PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT Leasehold improvements	e income ne financial year in relation to the financial year in relation t	o financial 208,014 68,863



2022	2021
\$	\$

NOTE 9: PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONTINUED)

Plant and equipment at cost	Plant and equipment		
Motor vehicles at cost	Plant and equipment at cost	42,352	59,286
Motor vehicles at cost	Accumulated depreciation	(25,601)	(32,556)
Accumulated depreciation (197,699) (191,903) Coffice equipment at cost 104,023 147,628 Accumulated depreciation (51,259) (80,839) Furniture, fixtures and fittings at cost 3,351 16,908 Accumulated depreciation (2,373) (8,106) Accumulated depreciation 978 8,800 Total plant and equipment 337,356 513,823 Total property, plant and equipment at dequipment at the beginning and end of the carrying amounts of property, plant and equipment at the beginning and end of the current financial year 27,684 52,164 Leasehold improvements 27,684 52,164 52,164 Additions 1,364 - - Disposals (3,857) - - Depreciation expense (23,846) (24,480) Closing carrying amount 26,730 36,968 Additions 5,525 - Disposals (6,695) - Depreciation expense (8,809) (10,238) Closing carrying amount 411,502 544,810		16,751	26,730
Accumulated depreciation (197,699) (191,903) Coffice equipment at cost 104,023 147,628 Accumulated depreciation (51,259) (80,839) Furniture, fixtures and fittings at cost 3,351 16,908 Accumulated depreciation (2,373) (8,106) Accumulated depreciation 978 8,800 Total plant and equipment 337,356 513,823 Total property, plant and equipment at dequipment at the beginning and end of the carrying amounts of property, plant and equipment at the beginning and end of the current financial year 27,684 52,164 Leasehold improvements 27,684 52,164 52,164 Additions 1,364 - - Disposals (3,857) - - Depreciation expense (23,846) (24,480) Closing carrying amount 26,730 36,968 Additions 5,525 - Disposals (6,695) - Depreciation expense (8,809) (10,238) Closing carrying amount 411,502 544,810	Motor vehicles at cost	464,562	603,405
Office equipment at cost 104,023 147,628 Accumulated depreciation 151,259 (80,839) Furniture, fixtures and fittings at cost 3,351 16,088 Accumulated depreciation 12,373 (8,106) Accumulated depreciation 978 8,802 Total plant and equipment 337,356 513,823 Total property, plant and equipment 338,701 541,507 (a) Reconciliations Reconciliation of the carrying amounts of property, plant and equipment at the beginning and end of the current financial year Leasehold improvements Opening carrying amount 27,684 52,164 Additions 1,364 - Disposals (3,857) - Depreciation expense (23,846) (24,80) Closing carrying amount 26,730 36,968 Additions 5,525 - Disposals (6,695) - Depreciation expense (8,809) (10,238) Closing carrying amount 16,751 26,730 Additions	Accumulated depreciation		
Accumulated depreciation (51,259) (80,839) Furniture, fixtures and fittings at cost 3,351 16,908 Accumulated depreciation (2,373) (8,106) 978 8,802 Total plant and equipment 337,356 513,823 Total property, plant and equipment 338,701 541,507 (a) Reconciliations Reconciliation of the carrying amounts of property, plant and equipment at the beginning and end of the current financial year 27,684 52,164 Additions 1,364 - Disposals (3,857) - Depreciation expense (23,846) (24,480) Closing carrying amount 1,345 27,684 Plant and equipment Opening carrying amount 26,730 36,968 Additions 5,525 5 Disposals (6,695) - Depreciation expense (8,809) (10,238) Closing carrying amount 16,751 26,730 Motor vehicles (90,000) (49,490) Opening carrying amount 411,502 544,810 <			The state of the last of the l
Furniture, fixtures and fittings at cost 3,351 16,908 Accumulated depreciation 12,373 (8,106) Total plant and equipment 337,356 513,823 Total property, plant and equipment 338,701 541,507 (a) Reconciliations 4 52,164 Reconciliation of the carrying amounts of property, plant and equipment at the beginning and end of the current financial year 27,684 52,164 Additions 1,364 - Opening carrying amount 27,684 52,164 Additions 1,364 - Disposals 3,857 - Closing carrying amount 1,345 27,684 Plant and equipment 26,730 36,968 Additions 5,525 - Disposals (6,695) - Depreciation expense (8,809) (10,238) Closing carrying amount 411,502 544,810 Motor vehicles 24,990 - Opening carrying amount 411,502 544,810 Additions 24,990 -	Office equipment at cost	104,023	147,628
Furniture, fixtures and fittings at cost 3,351 16,908 Accumulated depreciation (2,373) (8,106) Total plant and equipment 337,356 513,823 Total property, plant and equipment 338,701 541,507 (a) Reconciliations Reconciliation of the carrying amounts of property, plant and equipment at the beginning and end of the current financial year 27,684 52,164 Leasehold improvements 27,684 52,164 Additions 1,364 - Disposals (3,857) - - Depreciation expense (23,846) (24,480) - Closing carrying amount 26,730 36,968 - Additions 5,525 - - Disposals (6,695) - - Depreciation expense (8,809) (10,238) Closing carrying amount 411,502 544,810 Motor vehicles Opening carrying amount 411,502 544,810 Additions 24,990 - - Disposals (97,706) (49,490) - </td <td>Accumulated depreciation</td> <td>(51,259)</td> <td>(80,839)</td>	Accumulated depreciation	(51,259)	(80,839)
Accumulated depreciation (2,373) (8.106) Total plant and equipment 337,356 513,823 Total property, plant and equipment 338,701 541,507 (a) Reconciliations Reconciliation of the carrying amounts of property, plant and equipment at the beginning and end of the current financial year Leasehold improvements Opening carrying amount 27,684 52,164 Additions 1,364 - Disposals (3,857) - Depreciation expense (23,846) (24,880) Closing carrying amount 26,730 36,968 Additions 5,525 - Disposals (6,695) - Depreciation expense (8,809) (10,238) Closing carrying amount 16,751 26,730 Motor vehicles 0pening carrying amount 411,502 544,810 Opening carrying amount 411,502 544,810 Additions 24,990 - Opening carrying amount 411,502 54,810 Additions		52,764	66,789
Total plant and equipment 337,356 513,823 Total property, plant and equipment 338,701 541,507 (a) Reconciliations Reconciliation of the carrying amounts of property, plant and equipment at the beginning and end of the current financial year Leasehold improvements Opening carrying amount 27,684 52,164 Additions 1,364 - Disposals (33,857) - Depreciation expense (23,846) (24,880) Closing carrying amount 1,345 27,684 Plant and equipment 5,525 - Opening carrying amount 5,525 - Additions 5,525 - Disposals (6,695) - Closing carrying amount 16,751 26,730 Motor vehicles	Furniture, fixtures and fittings at cost	3,351	16,908
Total plant and equipment 337,356 513,823 Total property, plant and equipment 338,701 541,507 (a) Reconciliations Reconciliation of the carrying amounts of property, plant and equipment at the beginning and end of the current financial year Leasehold improvements Opening carrying amount 27,684 52,164 Additions 1,364 - Disposals (3,857) - Depreciation expense (23,846) (24,480) Closing carrying amount 26,730 36,968 Additions 5,525 - Disposals (6,695) - Depreciation expense (8,809) (10,238) Closing carrying amount 16,751 26,730 Motor vehicles Opening carrying amount 411,502 544,810 Additions 24,990 - Opening carrying amount 411,502 544,810 Additions 24,990 - Disposals (97,706) (49,490) Depreciation expense (71,923) <td>Accumulated depreciation</td> <td>(2,373)</td> <td>(8,106)</td>	Accumulated depreciation	(2,373)	(8,106)
Total property, plant and equipment 338,701 541,507 (a) Reconciliations Reconciliation of the carrying amounts of property, plant and equipment at the beginning and end of the current financial year Leasehold improvements Opening carrying amount 27,684 52,164 Additions 1,364 - Disposals (3,857) - Depreciation expense (23,846) (24,480) Closing carrying amount 26,730 36,968 Additions 5,525 - Disposals (6,695) - Depreciation expense (8,809) (10,238) Closing carrying amount 16,751 26,730 Motor vehicles - - Opening carrying amount 411,502 544,810 Additions 24,990 - Opening carrying amount 411,502 544,810 Additions 24,990 - Disposals (97,706) (49,490) Depreciation expense (71,923) (83,818)		978	8,802
(a) Reconciliations Reconciliation of the carrying amounts of property, plant and equipment at the beginning and end of the current financial year Leasehold improvements Opening carrying amount 27,684 52,164 Additions 1,364 - Disposals (23,846) (24,480) Closing carrying amount 1,345 27,684 Plant and equipment 26,730 36,968 Additions 5,525 - Disposals (6,695) - Depreciation expense (8,809) (10,238) Closing carrying amount 16,751 26,730 Motor vehicles Opening carrying amount 411,502 544,810 Additions 24,990 - Disposals (97,706) (49,490) Depreciation expense (71,923) (83,818)	Total plant and equipment	337,356	513,823
Reconciliation of the carrying amounts of property, plant and equipment at the beginning and end of the current financial year Leasehold improvements Opening carrying amount Additions 1,364 - Disposals 1,3657 Depreciation expense (23,846) Closing carrying amount 1,345 27,684 Plant and equipment Opening carrying amount Additions 5,525 Disposals (6,695) Depreciation expense (88,809) Closing carrying amount 16,751 26,730 Motor vehicles Opening carrying amount Additions Sample Samp	Total property, plant and equipment	338,701	541,507
Leasehold improvements Opening carrying amount 27,684 52,164 Additions 1,364 - Disposals (3,857) - Depreciation expense (23,846) (24,480) Closing carrying amount 1,345 27,684 Plant and equipment 26,730 36,968 Opening carrying amount 26,730 36,968 Additions 5,525 - Disposals (6,695) - Closing carrying amount 16,751 26,730 Motor vehicles (97,706) 49,490 Opening carrying amount 411,502 544,810 Additions 24,990 - Disposals (97,706) (49,490) Depreciation expense (71,923) (83,818)	(a) Reconciliations		
Opening carrying amount 27,684 52,164 Additions 1,364 - Disposals (3,857) - Depreciation expense (23,846) (24,480) Closing carrying amount 1,345 27,684 Plant and equipment 26,730 36,968 Additions 5,525 - Disposals (6,695) - Depreciation expense (8,809) (10,238) Closing carrying amount 16,751 26,730 Motor vehicles 24,990 - Opening carrying amount 411,502 544,810 Additions 24,990 - Disposals (97,706) (49,490) Depreciation expense (71,923) (83,818)		ipment at the	
Additions 1,364 - Disposals (3,857) - Depreciation expense (23,846) (24,480) Closing carrying amount 1,345 27,684 Plant and equipment Opening carrying amount 26,730 36,968 Additions 5,525 - Disposals (6,695) - Depreciation expense (8,809) (10,238) Closing carrying amount 16,751 26,730 Motor vehicles Opening carrying amount 411,502 544,810 Additions 24,990 - Disposals (97,706) (49,490) Depreciation expense (71,923) (83,818)	Leasehold improvements		
Disposals (3,857) - Depreciation expense (23,846) (24,480) Closing carrying amount 1,345 27,684 Plant and equipment Opening carrying amount 26,730 36,968 Additions 5,525 - Disposals (6,695) - Depreciation expense (8,809) (10,238) Closing carrying amount 411,502 544,810 Additions 24,990 - Disposals (97,706) (49,490) Depreciation expense (71,923) (83,818)	Opening carrying amount	27,684	52,164
Depreciation expense (23,846) (24,480) Closing carrying amount 1,345 27,684 Plant and equipment 26,730 36,968 Additions 5,525 - Disposals (6,695) - Depreciation expense (8,809) (10,238) Closing carrying amount 16,751 26,730 Motor vehicles 24,930 - Opening carrying amount 411,502 544,810 Additions 24,990 - Disposals (97,706) (49,490) Depreciation expense (71,923) (83,818)	Additions	1,364	-
Closing carrying amount 1,345 27,684 Plant and equipment 26,730 36,968 Additions 5,525 - Disposals (6,695) - Depreciation expense (8,809) (10,238) Closing carrying amount 16,751 26,730 Motor vehicles Opening carrying amount 411,502 544,810 Additions 24,990 - Disposals (97,706) (49,490) Depreciation expense (71,923) (83,818)	Disposals	(3,857)	-
Plant and equipment Opening carrying amount 26,730 36,968 Additions 5,525 - Disposals (6,695) - Depreciation expense (8,809) (10,238) Closing carrying amount 16,751 26,730 Motor vehicles Opening carrying amount 411,502 544,810 Additions 24,990 - Disposals (97,706) (49,490) Depreciation expense (71,923) (83,818)	Depreciation expense	(23,846)	(24,480)
Opening carrying amount 26,730 36,968 Additions 5,525 - Disposals (6,695) - Depreciation expense (8,809) (10,238) Closing carrying amount 16,751 26,730 Motor vehicles 20,730 544,810 Additions 24,990 - Disposals (97,706) (49,490) Depreciation expense (71,923) (83,818)	Closing carrying amount	<u>1,345</u>	27,684
Additions 5,525 - Disposals (6,695) - Depreciation expense (8,809) (10,238) Closing carrying amount 16,751 26,730 Motor vehicles 26,730 544,810 Opening carrying amount 411,502 544,810 Additions 24,990 - Disposals (97,706) (49,490) Depreciation expense (71,923) (83,818)	Plant and equipment		
Disposals (6,695) Depreciation expense (8,809) (10,238) Closing carrying amount 16,751 26,730 Motor vehicles Very carrying amount 411,502 544,810 Additions 24,990 - Disposals (97,706) (49,490) Depreciation expense (71,923) (83,818)	Opening carrying amount	26,730	36,968
Depreciation expense (8,809) (10,238) Closing carrying amount 16,751 26,730 Motor vehicles Value of the company	Additions	5,525	
Closing carrying amount 16,751 26,730 Motor vehicles Very large amount 411,502 544,810 Additions 24,990 - Disposals (97,706) (49,490) Depreciation expense (71,923) (83,818)	Disposals	(6,695)	
Motor vehicles Opening carrying amount 411,502 544,810 Additions 24,990 - Disposals (97,706) (49,490) Depreciation expense (71,923) (83,818)	Depreciation expense	(8,809)	(10,238)
Opening carrying amount 411,502 544,810 Additions 24,990 - Disposals (97,706) (49,490) Depreciation expense (71,923) (83,818)	Closing carrying amount	<u>16,751</u>	26,730
Opening carrying amount 411,502 544,810 Additions 24,990 - Disposals (97,706) (49,490) Depreciation expense (71,923) (83,818)	Motor vehicles		
Additions 24,990 - Disposals (97,706) (49,490) Depreciation expense (71,923) (83,818)		411,502	544,810
Disposals (97,706) (49,490) Depreciation expense (71,923) (83,818)			
Depreciation expense (71,923) (83,818)			(49,490)
	Closing carrying amount	266,863	411,502



	2022 \$	2021 \$
NOTE 9: PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONTINUED)		
(a) Reconciliations (Continued)		
Office equipment		
Opening carrying amount	66,789	54,388
Additions	40,948	43,113
Disposals	(5,038)	(220)
Depreciation expense	(49,935)	(30,492)
Closing carrying amount	52,764	66,789
Furniture, fixtures and fittings		
Opening carrying amount	8,802	11,843
Disposals	(5,405)	-
Depreciation expense	(2,419)	(3,041)
Closing carrying amount	978	8,802
NOTE 10. INTANCIDI E ACCETO		
NOTE 10: INTANGIBLE ASSETS		56.055
Trademarks and licences at cost	56,355	56,355
Accumulated amortisation and impairment	<u>(55,672</u>) 683	(52,353) 4,002
		4,002
Reconciliations		
Reconciliation of the carrying amounts of intangible assets at the beginning and end of the current financial year	d	
Trademarks and licences at cost		
Opening balance	4,002	26,274
Amortisation expense	(3,319)	(22,272)
Closing balance	683	4,002
Amortisation expense in relation to intangible assets has been recognised in ot	ther expenses within profit	or loss.
NOTE 44. DICUT OF LISE ASSETS AND LEASE HABILITIES		
NOTE 11: RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS AND LEASE LIABILITIES		
(a) Right-of-use assets		
(a) Right-of-use assets		
	768,588	353,321
(a) Right-of-use assets Buildings	768,588 (10,519)	353,321 (235,547)



NOTE 11: RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS AND LEASE LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

Motor vehicles		
Motor vehicles under lease	298,077	
Accumulated depreciation	(38,916)	-
	259,161	4 图图 25
Office equipment		
Office equipment under lease	19,125	19,125
Accumulated depreciation	(12,378)	(8,252)
	6,747	10,873
Total carrying amount of right-of-use assets	1,023,977	128,647
	49/8	
Reconciliations		
Reconciliation of the carry amount of lease assets at the beginning and end of the	4	
financial year:		**
Buildings		3
Opening carrying amount	117,774	240,926
Additions	768,588	
Depreciation	(128,293)	(117,774)
Change in value		(5,378)
Closing carrying amount	758,069	117,774
Motor vehicles		
Opening carrying amount Additions	298,077	
Depreciation	(38,916)	
Closing carrying amount	259,161	
Closing carrying amount	255,101	
Office equipment		
Opening carrying amount	10,873	14,999
Depreciation	(4,126)	(4,126)
Closing carrying amount	6,747	10,873



2022

\$

2021

\$

	i	
NOTE 11: RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS AND LEASE LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)		
(b) Lease liabilities		
CURRENT		
Buildings	82,148	126,381
Office equipment	4,213	3,886
Motor vehicles	95,606	_
	181,967	130,267
NON CURRENT		
Buildings	667,257	-
Office equipment	2,169	6,765
Motor vehicles	169,059	<u> </u>
	838,485	6,765
Total carrying amount of lease liabilities	1,020,452	137,032
(c) Future lease payments		
- Not later than 1 year	241,346	132,625
- Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	803,648	6,765
- Later than 5 years	158,054	
Total future lease payments at the reporting date	1,203,048	139,390
NOTE 12: PAYABLES		
CURRENT		
Unsecured liabilities		
Trade creditors	224,643	155,133
Sundry creditors and accruals	441,633	621,681
	666,276	776,814
NOTE 13: PROVISIONS		
CURRENT		
Annual leave	217,840	171,911
NON CURRENT		
Long service leave	36,261	8,392



2022 2021 \$ \$

NOTE 14: CONTRACT LIABILITIES

CURRENT

Contract liabilities - unearned revenue

588.886

501.024

A contract liability represents the company's obligation to transfer services to the customer for which the company has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer. A contract liability arises in relation to funding when consideration is received in advance of services being performed. Amounts recorded as contract liabilities are subsequently recognised as revenue when the company provides the services. Services are generally provided by the company in accordance with the terms of the relevant agreement.

NOTE 15: MEMBERS' GUARANTEE

The company is incorporated under the *Corporations Act 2001* and is a company limited by guarantee. If the company is wound up, the Constitution states that each member is required to contribute to a maximum of \$10 each towards meeting any outstandings and obligations of the company. At 30 June 2022 the number of members was 8. The combined total amount that members of the company are liable to contribute if the company is wound up is \$80.

NOTE 16: KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL COMPENSATION

Total compensation paid or payable to key management personnel

1,249,942

1,092,009

During the current year, director fees were paid and have been included in the above disclosure of key management personnel.

NOTE 17: RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(a) Transactions with other related parties

IT security services

85,800

198,000

A Director of Rural Aid was also a Director of a supplier of IT security services to Rural Aid during the financial year. Rural Aid's relationship with the supplier commenced prior to the director being appointed to the Rural Aid Board. The Director resigned from the IT security service provider on 11 January 2022, resulting in a related party relationship no longer existing. The above disclosure reflects the payments made to the supplier up to the point of the Director resigning. The Director did not participate in Board decision making with regards to this supplier.

(b) Transactions with companies invested in

Multikraft Probiotics Australia Pty Ltd - in-kind support received

111,000

During the year, Rural Aid invested in Multikraft Probiotics Australia Pty Ltd. As part of this arrangement, Rural Aid was able to appoint a Director to the Board of Multikraft. The elected Director was appointed to the Board of Multikraft on 9 May 2022. In-kind support to the value of \$111,000 was received from Multikraft during the period as part of the flood appeal in early 2022.



2022 2021 \$ \$

NOTE 18: CASH FLOW INFORMATION

Reconciliation of cash

Cash at the end of the financial year as shown in the statement of cash flows is reconciled to the related items in the statement of financial position as follows:

Cash at bank	2,430,737	3,681,275
At call deposits with financial institutions	3,504,223	4,732,938
	5,934,960	8,414,213

NOTE 19: CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

No contingent liabilities exist at balance date (2021: \$nil).

NOTE 20: REMUNERATION OF AUDITORS

Remuneration of auditors for:

Pitcher Partners (Brisbane)

Audit and assurance services

NOTE 21: EVENTS SUBSEQUENT TO REPORTING DATE

There has been no matter or circumstance, which has arisen since 30 June 2022 that has significantly affected or may significantly affect:

- (a) the operations, in financial years subsequent to 30 June 2022, of the company, or
- (b) the results of those operations, or
- (c) the state of affairs, in financial years subsequent to 30 June 2022, of the company.

NOTE 22: COMPANY DETAILS

The registered office of the company is:

Rural Aid Ltd 70 Station Road Indooroopilly, QLD, 4068



RURAL AID LTD ABN: 29 605 783 597

DIRECTORS' DECLARATION

The directors declare that:

- there are reasonable grounds to believe that the registered entity is able to pay all of its debts, as and when they become due and payable; and
- the financial statements and notes satisfy the requirements of the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012.

Signed in accordance with subsection 60.15(2) of the Australian Charities and Not-for-profit Commission Regulation 2013.

Director:

Alexander Hutton

Dated this

24th day of November

2022





Level 38, 345 Queen Street Brisbane, QLD 4000

Postal address GPO Box 1144 Brisbane, QLD 4001

p. +61 7 3222 8444



Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Rural Aid Ltd

Report on the Audit of the Financial Report

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of Rural Aid Ltd (the "Registered Entity"), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2022, the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, notes to the financial statements including a summary of significant accounting policies, and the responsible entities' declaration.

In our opinion the financial report of Rural Aid Ltd has been prepared in accordance with Division 60 of the *Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012*, including:

- (a) giving a true and fair view of the Registered Entity's financial position as at 30 June 2022 and of its financial performance for the year then ended; and
- (b) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and Division 60 of the *Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Regulation 2013*.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the Registered Entity in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Australian Charities and Not for-profits Commission Act 2012* "ACNC Act" and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)* "the Code" that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other Information

Those charged with governance are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Registered Entity's annual report for the year ended 30 June 2022, but does not include the financial report and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

isbane Sydney Newcastle Melbourne Adelaide Perth

pitcher.com.au

GEL FISCHER

KYLIE LAMPRECHT

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JEREMY JONES

JAMES FIELD

CHERYL MASON

MURRAY GRAHAM

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RURAL AID FINANCIALS 2022

bakertillyNETWORK MEMBER





Responsibilities of Members and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Report.

The Members of the Registered Entity are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the ACNC Act, and for such internal control as the responsible entities determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, responsible entities are responsible for assessing the Registered Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the responsible entities either intends to liquidate the Registered Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Registered Entity's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to
 fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
 evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not
 detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error,
 as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override
 of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the Registered Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by responsible entities.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the responsible entity's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Registered Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Registered Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.









We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.



PITCHER PARTNERS

JASON EVANS Partner

Brisbane, Queensland 24 November 2022





Rural Aid Limited

ABN 29 605 783 597

1300 327 624

Level 4 | 70 Station Road | Indooroopilly QLD 4068 Email: contact@ruralaid.org.au

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